

Air New Zealand Limited Fuel Hedge Position as at 18 August 2010

| | | Units | FY11 Q1 | FY11 Q2 | FY11 Q3 | FY11 Q4 | Total FY11 | Total FY11 | FY11 |
|-----------------------------------|---------------|---------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|
| | | | Jul-Sep | Oct-Dec | Jan-Mar | Apr-Jun | 1st Half | 2nd Half | Total |
| WTI collars | Volume | Barrels | 625,000 | 1,110,000 | 1,330,000 | 410,000 | 1,735,000 | 1,740,000 | 3,475,000 |
| | Ceiling Price | USD | 81.04 | 81.48 | 80.73 | 78.60 | 81.32 | 80.23 | 80.77 |
| | Floor Price | USD | 70.11 | 71.46 | 71.03 | 69.58 | 70.98 | 70.69 | 70.83 |
| Singapore Jet collars | Volume | Barrels | 1,020,000 | 595,000 | | | 1,615,000 | | 1,615,000 |
| | Ceiling Price | USD | 90.04 | 91.83 | | | 90.70 | | 90.70 |
| | Floor Price | USD | 79.11 | 81.81 | | | 80.11 | | 80.11 |
| Total hedged | | Barrels | 1,645,000 | 1,705,000 | 1,330,000 | 410,000 | 3,350,000 | 1,740,000 | 5,090,000 |
| Estimated fuel consumption | | Barrels | 1,893,684 | 1,869,903 | 1,882,153 | 1,710,326 | 3,763,587 | 3,592,479 | 7,356,066 |
| Hedge ratio | | | 87% | 91% | 71% | 24% | 89% | 48% | 69% |
| Compensation from fuel hedges (1) | | USD | 68,000 | (520,000) | 2,317,000 | 1,798,000 | (452,000) | 4,115,000 | 3,663,000 |
| Purchase cost of options | | USD | (4,554,250) | (4,606,000) | (3,788,750) | (1,232,000) | (9,160,250) | (5,020,750) | (14,181,000) |
| Net compensation from hedges (2) | | USD | (4,486,250) | (5,126,000) | (1,471,750) | 566,000 | (9,612,250) | (905,750) | (10,518,000) |

Notes:

WTI spot was US\$75.00. 12 month WTI was US\$80.00. Periods relate to the month of uplift.

Air New Zealand does not use three way call structures or leveraged collar structures.

(1) Compensation from fuel hedges is the sum of the mark-to-market value of all fuel swaps and options as at 18 August 2010.

(2) Net compensation from fuel hedges represents the unrealised gains and losses on fuel hedges. These gains and losses will be accounted for in line with Air New Zealand Limited's fuel instrument accounting policy:

• The effective portion of changes in the intrinsic value of fuel derivatives is recognised through the cash flow hedge reserve;

- Changes in the time value of fuel derivatives are recognised through earnings; and
- Any accounting ineffectiveness is recognised through earnings.

Key: Volume: Fuel volume is reported in barrels for passenger aircraft (42 US gallons in a barrel)

Price: Price is quoted in USD cost per barrel of West Texas Intermediate (WTI) and Singapore Jet.